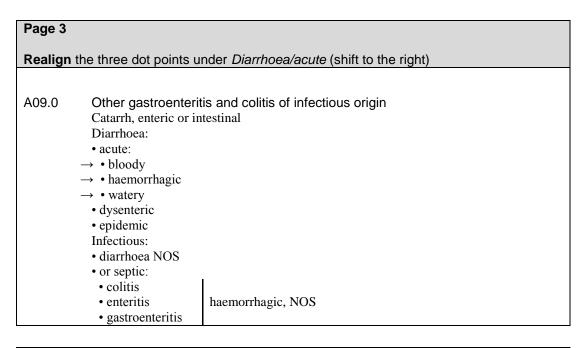
# ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition

# Errata 1, June 2017 For implementation 1 July 2017

# **ICD-10-AM Tabular List**



### Page 86

Relocate the Inclusion terms at the fifth character 3

# E66 Obesity and overweight

The following fifth character subdivisions are for use with subcategories E66.1, E66.2 and E66.9:

Fifth characters 1, 2 and 3 are assigned for patients 18 years of age and above.

For patients under 18 years of age, assign fifth character 0.

- 0 body mass index [BMI] not elsewhere classified
- 1 body mass index [BMI]  $\ge$  30 kg/m<sup>2</sup> to  $\le$  34.99 kg/m<sup>2</sup> Obese class I
- 2 body mass index [BMI]  $\geq$  35 kg/m² to  $\leq$  39.99 kg/m² Obese class II
- 3 body mass index [BMI] ≥ 40 kg/m<sup>2</sup> Clinically severe obesity Extreme obesity Obese class III



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Page 136	
Add dash	to E66.2 in the <i>Excludes</i> note
G47.3	Sleep apnoea
▼0635	
	<b>Excludes:</b> Pickwickian syndrome (E66.2_)
	sleep apnoea of newborn (P28.3)

Page 183	3
Add ACS	S 1012 symbol
J10	Influenza due to other identified influenza virus
<u>▼1012</u>	Influenza due to identified seasonal influenza virus
	<ul> <li>Excludes: Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]:</li> <li>infection NOS (A49.2)</li> <li>meningitis (G00.0)</li> <li>pneumonia (J14)</li> <li>influenza due to A/H5N1 (avian) influenza virus (J09)</li> </ul>

Page 24	3
Relocate	e term in the Excludes note
M54.5	Low back pain Loin pain Low back strain Lumbago NOS
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> loin pain/haematuria syndrome (N39.81) lumbago:</li> <li>due to intervertebral disc displacement (M51.2)</li> <li>with sciatica (M54.4)postlaminectomy postlaminectomy syndrome (M96.1)</li> </ul>

Delete redundant code in category title

### OTHER DISORDERS OF GENITOURINARY TRACT (N99–N99)

Add instruction

### O24.4 Diabetes mellitus arising during pregnancy

See subdivisions above

Gestational diabetes mellitus NOS

### Page 283

Amend Includes note

O84.81 Multiple delivery, all assisted, not elsewhere classified

Includes: multiple delivery, all assisted by: <u>methods listed in O83</u>

manipulation
version with extraction

### Page 410

Add dash to T82.5 in Excludes note

T86.2 Heart transplant failure and rejection

*Excludes:* complication of:

- artificial heart device (T82.5-)
- heart-lung transplant (T86.3)

### Page 471

Amend cross reference

Y75

Neurological devices associated with unintentional events

See *subdivisions* fifth character above

### Page 605

Amend code title

Appendix D: Classification of Hospital Acquired Diagnoses (CHADx)

### 12.15 Other disorders predominately related to pregnancy

O25 Malnutrition in pregnancy
 O264 Herpes Pemphigoid [herpes] gestationis
 O265 Maternal hypotension syndrome

# **ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index**

### Page 46

### Amend code

### Breakdown

. . .

- device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type/mechanical) T85.88

- - catheter NEC T85.69

... - - - vascular infusion T82.529

### Page 58

Add NEC, codes and terms to index

Care (following) (for) (of)

- lactating mother Z39.1

- - for

- --- blocked ducts O92.2-
- --- breast disorder (implants) (lump) (reduction) NEC O92.2-
- - delayed milk supply O92.4-
- --- engorgement O92.2-
- - insufficient milk supply O92.4-
- - nipple
- ----blistered O92.2-
- ---- bruised O92.2---- cracked (fissure) O92.1-
- ---- grazed O92.2-
- ---- inverted O92.0-

<u>---- retracted 092.0</u>-

---- transposition O92.2-

--- oversupply of milk O92.6-

... - well baby <u>NEC</u> Z76.2<u>2</u>

-- abandoned (foundling) Z76.1

- - awaiting adoption or foster placement Z76.21

### Page 67

### Amend cross reference

### Complication(s) (from) (of)

- brain neurostimulator (electrode) — see Complication(s)/nervous system/device, implant and or graft/neurostimulator

. . .

### Amend code

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- cardiac (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) I51.9

- - device, implant or graft T82.9

... - - - valve graft T82.9

---- infection or inflammation T82.72

### Page 69

Amend code

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- female genital N94.9

- - device, implant or graft T83.9

... - - - specified NEC T83.8<u>9</u>

### Page 71

Amend code

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- postprocedural T81.9

- - elephantiasis or lymphoedema 197.839

### Page 71

Add subterms, NEC, cross reference and codes

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- procedure (surgical or medical care) — see Complication(s)/by site and type

- prosthetic device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) NEC T85.9 - specified NEC T85.88

- puerperal, postpartum — see Puerperal

Add and delete subterms, cross references, NEC, NEMs and codes

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- reimplant, reimplantation (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) NEC T85.9
- - limb (infection) (rejection) T87.2

--- lower T87.1

- - upper T87.0
- organ, failure or rejection (partial) (total) see Complication(s)/organ or tissue transplant
- ---- failure or rejection
- -- prosthetic device NEC -- see Complication(s)/prosthetic device, graft or implant
- <u>- specified NEC T85.88</u> - renal — see Complication(s)/kidney

### Page 75

Amend code

### Contraception, contraceptive

- device (in situ) (intrauterine) (IUCD) (subdermal hormone implant)
- - causing menorrhagia T83.81

### Page 75

Amend cross reference

### Contraction(s), contracture, contracted

- kidney (granular) (secondary) (see also Sclerosis/kidney) N26
- -- congenital Q63.89
- - hydronephritic N13.3
- --- with infection N13.6
- - pyelonephritic (see also <u>Pyelonephritis</u>Pyelitis/chronic) N11.9

### Page 110

Delete subterm and code

**Dislocation** (articular) T14.3

...

- hip (acetabulum) (femur proximal end) S73.00
- - anterior \$73.02
- - congenital Q65.2
- --- bilateral Q65.1
- --- unilateral Q65.0
- - posterior S73.01
- - prosthesis S73.0-
- --- mechanical complication T84.0
- --- recurrent T84.-
- - recurrent M24.45

### Amend code

### Displacement, displaced

- device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type/mechanical) T85.69

... - - catheter NEC T85.69

... - - - vascular infusion T82.529

### Page 131

Amend code

Elephantiasis (nonfilarial) 189.0

- postprocedural (surgical) 197.839

### Page 150

Amend codes

Fistula L98.8

- intestine NEC K63.2

- - postprocedural K91.89

- intestinocolonic (abdominal) K63.2

- - postprocedural K91.89

### Page 179

Amend code, and add subterms, NEM and codes

High - see also Elevated, elevation

... - risk

... - - infant NEC Z76.2<u>2</u> - - - abandoned (foundling) Z76.1 - - - awaiting adoption or foster placement Z76.21

### Page 206

Amend code

Injury (see also specified injury type) T14.9

- lung NEC S27.38

- - transfusion related J95.832

. . .

. . .

. . .

#### Amend code

#### Leak, leakage

- device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) T85.69

- - catheter NEC T85.69

... - - - vascular infusion T82.529

### Page 224

Resequence subterms

Leukaemia (M9800/3)

- myeloid (M9860/3) C92.9-

- - acute NEC (M9861/3) C92.0-

- - - CBF-beta/MYH11 (M9871/3) C92.0-

--- inv(16)(p13;q22) (M9871/3) C92.0-

- - - inv(3)(q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RPN1-EVI1 (M9869/3) C92.7-

- <u>- - inv(16)(p13;q22) (M9871/3) C92.0-</u>
- - M6 (M6a) (M6b) (M9840/3) C94.0-

### Page 229

Amend code

Lymphoedema (see also Elephantiasis) 189.0

- surgical NEC 197.839

### Page 235

Amend codes, and add subterms, NEMs and codes

### Malposition

- device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type/mechanical) T85.69

... - - catheter NEC T85.6<u>9</u>

... - - - infusion NEC T82.5<u>2</u>

---- central vascular (infusion port) (PICC) (Port-A-Cath) T82.51

---- peripheral vascular T82.52

---- spinal (epidural) (subdural) T85.64

- - heart NEC T82.59

- - vascular NEC T82.59

### Amend code

### Obstruction, obstructed, obstructive

- device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) T85.69

... - - catheter NEC T85.69

... - - - vascular infusion T82.5<u>2</u>9

### Page 295

Amend code

Pain(s) R52.9

- due to device, implant or graft NEC (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) T85.85

- - fixation, internal (orthopaedic) NEC T84.835

### Page 301

Amend cross reference and code

Perforation, perforated (nontraumatic)

by
 - device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type/mechanical) T85.69

... - - - catheter NEC T85.69

... - - - - vascular infusion T82.529

### Page 313

Add subterms, cross reference, NEC and code

Pregnancy (single) (uterine) - complicated by - conditions in - - - N00–N99 NEC O26.81 - - - N10–N12 O23.0 - - - N13.6 O23.3 - - - N15.1 O23.0 - - - N30 O23.1 - - - N34 O23.2 - - - N39.0 O23.4 - - - N60-N64 (see also condition/in pregnancy) NEC O99.8 - - - N70–N73, N76, N77\* O23.5

Delete terms

#### Pressure

- area, skin ulcer — see Injury/pressure

### Page 320

. . .

#### Amend codes, and add subterms, NEMs and codes

#### Protrusion, protrusio

- device, implant or graft (see also Complication(s)/by site and type/mechanical) T85.69

... - - catheter NEC T85.69

### Page 323

Amend code

Puerperal, puerperium — see also condition/puerperal, postpartum

- neuritis 090.8099.3

### Page 324

Amend lead term

Pyelocystitis Pyelonephritis --- continued

### Page 355

#### Amend code

Stricture (see also Stenosis) R68.8

- nasopharynx J39.2

- - postprocedural J95.89

Amend code, and delete subterm, NEMs and code

- Transplant(ed) (status) Z94.9 - bone Z94.6
- - marrow Z94.8
- complication NEC (see also Complication(s)/graft) T86.898
- --- skin (infection) (rejection) T86.88
- cornea Z94.7

#### Page 393

Delete subterms and codes, and add Instructional notes

#### Varicose

- vein (lower limb) (ruptured) 183.9

- - anus <u>(see also Haemorrhoids)</u> 186.8
- --- in pregnancy O22.4
- --- puerperal, postpartum O87.2
- - congenital (peripheral) Q27.8
- ... - - rectum (see also Haemorrhoids) I86.8
- ---- in pregnancy O22.4
- --- puerperal, postpartum O87.2
- --scrotum (ulcerated) 186.1

### Page 394

Delete subterms and codes, and add Instructional notes

Varix (lower limb) (ruptured) 183.9

- anus <u>(see also Haemorrhoids)</u> 186.8 -- in pregnancy O22.4 -- puerperal, postpartum O87.2 - bladder 186.2 ... - rectum <u>(see also Haemorrhoids)</u> 186.8 -- in pregnancy O22.4 -- puerperal, postpartum O87.2 - renal papilla 186.8

# **ICD-10-AM External Causes of Injury Alphabetic Index**

### Page 414

Amend code, and delete NEMs

Complication(s) (delayed) (medical or surgical procedure) (of or following) Y84.9

- surgical operation NEC (see also Complication(s)/by type of operation) Y83.9 - reconstructive Y83.4

- - - with

---- anastomosis, bypass or graft Y83.2

---- formation of external stoma Y83.3-

... - transplant, transplantation <del>(heart) (kidney) (liver)</del> (partial or whole organ, any) NEC Y83.09

# **ACHI Tabular List**

Page 27		
Relocate	terms in Includes note at	42731-01 <b>[200]</b>
42731-01	Extraction of crystalline lens with removal of vitreous Limbal:	
	<ul> <li>capsulectomy</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>lensectomy</li> </ul>	with vitrectomy
	Pars plana lensectomy	
		eal bands <del>removal of epiretinal membranes</del> etinal membranes

### Page 111

Add Includes note at 13106-00 [764]

13106-00 Thrombectomy of an external arteriovenous shunt Declotting of an external arteriovenous shunt

Includes: transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic or other agent

### Page 111

Add Includes note at 34515-00 [765]

34515-00 Thrombectomy of arteriovenous fistula Surgical declotting of arteriovenous fistula

Includes: transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic or other agent

### Page 150

Amend Excludes note at block [1043]

**1043** Percutaneous nephroscopy

*Includes:* antegrade pyeloscopy insertion of ureteric stent

*Excludes:* that for extraction of renal calculus (<del>36627 02</del>-<u>30450-01, 36639-02</u> [1041]<del>,</del> 36639-00, 36645-00 [1046])



Delete reference to ACS 1436 at 36800-00 [1090] and 36800-03 [1090]	
36800-00 ∇ 0042 <del>, 1436</del>	Bladder catheterisation
	Insertion of indwelling urinary catheter
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> that for replacement (36800-01 [1090]) that via:</li> <li>• cystostomy (37008-00 [1093])</li> <li>• cystotomy (37011-00 [1093], 37008-02 [1094])</li> </ul>
	Endoscopic removal of indwelling urinary catheter
	Excludes: that with replacement (36800-01 [1090])

Page 163	
Amend Ex	ccludes notes at 37604-02 [1173] and 37604-03 [1173]
37604-02	Exploration of scrotal contents with biopsy, unilateral         Biopsy of tunica vaginalis, unilateral         Incision and drainage of:         • scrotum         • tunica vaginalis
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> percutaneous biopsy (37604-18 [1173]) that with:</li> <li>biopsy of:</li> <li>seminal vesicle (37218-00 [1163], 37212-00 [1164])</li> <li>spermatic cord, epididymis, vas deferens (30644-06 [1180])</li> <li>testis (30644-04, 30644-05 [1180])</li> <li>fixation of testis (orchidopexy) (37604 [1175], 37604 [1188])</li> <li>orchidopexy for undescended testis (37803 [1186], 37809 [1188])</li> </ul>
37604-03	Exploration of scrotal contents with biopsy, bilateral         Biopsy of tunica vaginalis, bilateral         Incision and drainage of:         • scrotum         • tunica vaginalis
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> percutaneous biopsy (37604-18 [1173]) that with:</li> <li>biopsy of:</li> <li>seminal vesicle (37218-00 [1163], 37212-00 [1164])</li> <li>spermatic cord, epididymis, vas deferens (30644-06 [1180])</li> <li>testis (30644-04, 30644-05 [1180])</li> <li>fixation of testis (orchidopexy) (37604 [1175], 37604 [1188])</li> <li>orchidopexy for undescended testis (37803 [1186], 37809 [1188])</li> </ul>

Page 173	
Add Exclu	ides notes to codes in blocks [1268] and [1269]
1268 A	odominal hysterectomy
35653-04	Total abdominal hysterectomy with removal of adnexa Subtotal abdominal hysterectomy with removal of adnexa
	<i>Includes:</i> excision of (bilateral) (unilateral): • fallopian tube • ovarian cyst • ovary
	Excludes: radical abdominal hysterectomy (35667-00 [1268])
35670-00	Abdominal hysterectomy with radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes Abdominal hysterectomy (subtotal)(total) with radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes
	Includes: salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral)(unilateral)
	Excludes: radical abdominal hysterectomy (35664-00 [1268])
 1269 Va 	aginal hysterectomy
35673-02	Vaginal hysterectomy with removal of adnexa
	<i>Includes:</i> excision of (bilateral) (unilateral): • fallopian tube • ovarian cyst • ovary
	<i>Excludes:</i> radical vaginal hysterectomy (35667-01, 35664-01 [1269])

Page 217	
Relocate Inclusion terms at 50124-01 [1552]	
50124-01	Administration of agent into joint or other synovial cavity, not elsewhere classified Administration of agent into joint or other synovial cavity for local effect NOS Injection <u>into bursa of:</u> <u>into bursa of:</u> • corticosteroid • local anaesthesia

Page 25	59
Amend	Excludes note at block [1820]
1820	<b>Physiological assessment</b> A physiological investigation to assess function using techniques such as history taking, observation, inspection, palpation, percussion, auscultation and other such physical tests
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> that as part of:</li> <li>ageing assessment (96023-00 [1824])</li> <li>developmental testing (96184-00 [1824])</li> <li>genetic assessment (96035-00 [1824])</li> <li>mental and/or behavioural assessment (96175-00 96236-00, 96237-00 [1823])</li> </ul>

Page 260	
Amend Ex	ccludes note at 96027-00 [1822]
96027-00	Prescribed/self-selected medication assessment
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> advice, education or recommendations on prevention and other aspects of adverse drug reaction management or recommendations about medication regimes (96072-00 [1867])</li> <li>assessment of illicit drug use (96034-00 [1823])</li> <li>prescription of psychotherapeutic drugs (96241 [1922])</li> </ul>

Page 281	
Amend Ex	ccludes note at 92178-00 [1880]
92178-00	Heat therapy 
	<i>Excludes:</i> thermocauterisation (see Alphabetic Index: Thermocauterisation) thermocoagulation (see Alphabetic Index: Neurotomy/by site/radiofrequency) thermokeratoplasty (90064-01 [173]) thermosclerectomy (42746-05 [191]) thermotherapy to prostate by microwaves ( <del>37203-04 [1166]</del> <u>37224-00</u> [1162])

Page 286	
Delete refe	erence to ACS 1436 at 92119-00 [1902]
	Removal of other urinary drainage device
<del>⊽ 1436</del>	Removal of indwelling urinary catheter
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> endoscopic:</li> <li>removal of indwelling urinary catheter (36800-03 [1090])</li> <li>removal of ureteral catheter (92118-00 [1902])</li> <li>replacement of indwelling urinary catheter (36800-01 [1090])</li> </ul>

Amend code title at 92508-XX [1909]

92508-XX Neuraxial block

### Page 292

Amend code titles in block [1920]					
96196-XX Intra-arterial administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96197-XX Intramuscular administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96198-XX Intrathecal administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96199-XX Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96200-XX Subcutaneous administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96201-XX Intracavitary administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96202-XX Enteral administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96203-XX Oral administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
 96205-XX Other administration of pharmacological agent <del>, antineoplastic agent</del> 					
96206-XX Unspecified administration of pharmacological agent, antineoplastic agent					
96209-XX Loading of drug delivery device, antineoplastic agent					

### Pages 313 and 316

Delete MBS item and ACHI code map, and amend ACHI code map

### APPENDIX A

### MAPPING TABLE: FOR MBS ITEMS NOT INCLUDED IN ACHI

MBS Item ACHI Code Map

14221	13939
<del>14224</del>	<del>93341</del>
14227	13939
 37622 37806 38220	37623 37 <u>604<mark>803</mark> 38215</u>

# **ACHI Alphabetic Index**

### Page 3

Amend cross reference

Administration (around) (into) (local) (of) (therapeutic agent) NEC — code to block [1920] with extension -19

- specified site

....'

- - nerve

- - - for

---- operative anaesthesia — see Anaesthesia/conduction/regional block/nerve of

### Page 52

Add essential modifiers

### Declotting

- arteriovenous
- - fistula (surgical) 34515-00 [765]
- - by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**
- - shunt (external) (surgical) 13106-00 [764]
- - by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**
- artery, by transcatheter infusion of agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**
- vein, by transcatheter infusion of agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**

### Pages 68 and 69

Add essential modifiers

### Embolectomy

- fistula
- - arteriovenous (surgical) 34515-00 [765]
- --- by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**
- shunt
- --arteriovenous (external) 13106-00 [764]
- --- by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**

Amend cross reference

Excision — see also Removal

... - haematoma — see Drainage/haematoma <del>OR Evacuation/haematoma</del>

### Page 112

**Add** subterms, NEMs and codes, **delete** subterms, NEMs and codes [Note: suggest cut and paste this section]

#### Hysterectomy

Hysterectomy
<u>- abdominal (total) 35653-01 [1268]</u>
<u> with</u>
dissection of pelvic lymph nodes 35670-00 [1268]
extensive retroperitoneal dissection 35661-00 [1268]
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
laparoscopic 90448-02 [1268]
radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes 35670-00 [1268]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
laparoscopic 90448-02 [1268]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
laparoscopic 90448-02 [1268]
Iaparoscopic 90448-01 [1268]
subtotal (supracervical) 35653-00 [1268]
laparoscopic 90448-00 [1268]
- radical (with mobilisation of ureters) (with salpingo-oophorectomy)
abdominal 35667-00 [1268]
with radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes 35664-00 [1268]
vaginal 35667-01 [1269]
with radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes 35664-01 [1269]
<u>- vaginal 35657-00 [1269]</u>
<u> with</u>
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35673-02 [1269]
laparoscopically assisted (guided) 35753-02 [1269]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35673-02 [1269]
laparoscopically assisted (guided) 35753-02 [1269]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35673-02 [1269]
laparoscopically assisted (guided) 35753-02 [1269]
laparoscopically assisted (guided) 35750-00 [1269]
proceeding to abdominal hysterectomy (open) 90343-01 [1011]
- abdominal (total) 35653-01 [1268]
with
extensive retroperitoneal dissection 35661-00 [1268]
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes 35670-00 [1268]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
laparoscopic 90448-01 [1268]
with
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 90448-02 [1268]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 90448-02 [1268]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 90448-02 [1268]
radical (with mobilisation of ureters) (with salpingo-oophorectomy) 35667-00 [1268]
with radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes 35664-00 [1268]

Australian Consortium for Classification Development
subtotal (supracervical) 35653-00 [1268]
with
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 <b>[1268]</b>
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35653-04 [1268]
laparoscopic 90448-00 [1268]
with
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 90448-02 [1268]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 90448-02 [1268]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 90448-02 [1268]
-vaginal 35657-00 [1269]
with
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35673-02 [1269]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35673-02 [1269]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35673-02 [1269]
laparoscopically assisted (guided) 35750-00 [1269]
with
oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35753-02 [1269]
salpingectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35753-02 [1269]
salpingo-oophorectomy (bilateral) (unilateral) 35753-02 [1269]
proceeding to abdominal hysterectomy (open) 90343-01 [1011]
radical (with salpingo-oophorectomy) 35667-01 [1269]
with radical excision of pelvic lymph nodes 35664-01 [1269]

. . .

Amend cross reference

Laser therapy — see also Destruction/by site

- lesion (tissue) see also Laser therapy/by site
- ... - - nose (skin) — see also Laser therapy/lesion/skin
- --- intranasal see Laser therapy Destruction/lesion/intranasal

### Page 149

Amend cross references

Nephroscopy (antegrade pyeloscopy) (percutaneous) 36627-00 [1043] - with - biopsy 36627-01 [1047] - diathermy 90370-02 [1046] - extraction of calculus (stone) 30450-01 [1041] - or with fragmentation 36639-02 [1041] - incision of - or renal - or calyx 36633-01 [1043] - or calyx 36633-01 [1043] - or pelvis 36633-00 [1043]

- ---- for removal of calculus see Nephroscopy/with/extraction of renal calculus
- - ureter 36633-02 **[1043]**

Add subterms, NEMs and codes

#### Procedure

- digestive system NEC 90335-01 [1011]

- - liver (open) 90319-00 [956]

- - - closed (percutaneous) 90319-04 [956]

- - endoscopic 90319-03 [956]
- - oesophagus 90301-00 **[869]**

### Page 168

Add subterms, NEMs and codes

### Procedure

```
...
- liver <u>(open)</u> NEC 90319-00 [956]
```

--- closed (percutaneous) 90319-04 [956]

- - - endoscopic 90319-03 [956]

- LLETZ (large loop excision of transformation zone) 35647-00 [1275]

### Page 198

Amend cross reference

Removal — see also Excision

- pseudophakos — see Removal/lens, artificialintraocular

### Page 217

Amend code

### Replacement

- pseudophakos — see Replacement/lens, artificialintraocular

### Page 229

Amend cross reference

Robotic-assisted intervention (Da Vinci system) 96223-0096233-00 [1923]

### Pages 248 and 249

Add essential modifiers

#### Thrombectomy

- ... - fistula
- - arteriovenous (surgical) 34515-00 [765]
- --- by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open) (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]**
- shunt
- -- arteriovenous (external) 13106-00 [764]
- --- by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open)
- (percutaneous) 35317-01 **[741]** - vein (with stenting) 33812-04 **[729]**
- - by transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic agent <u>alone</u> (open)
- (percutaneous) 35317-01 [741]

# Australian Coding Standards (ACS)

### Page XIII

Amend text [Note: suggest cut and paste this section]

### INTRODUCTION

# **DESCRIPTION OF ICD-10-AM AND ACHI**

A classification of diseases can be defined as a system of categories to which morbid entities are assigned according to established criteria. The purpose of the ICD 10 AM and ACHI is to permit the systematic recording, analysis, interpretation and comparison of morbidity data collected in different hospitals, states and countries. The ICD 10 AM and ACHI system enables the translation of diagnoses and procedures and other health problems from words into an alphanumeric/numeric code, which permits easy storage, retrieval and analysis of the data.

ICD-10-AM and ACHI are statistical disease and intervention classifications. A statistical classification is a system of categories to which entities are assigned according to established criteria. ICD-10-AM and ACHI permit the systematic recording, analysis, interpretation and comparison of morbidity and health intervention data collected in different hospitals, states and countries. ICD-10-AM and ACHI enable the classification of diagnoses and other health problems, and interventions from clinical concepts into an alphanumeric/numeric code, which permits easy storage, retrieval and analysis of the data.

The 'ICD' was first used to classify causes of mortality as recorded at the registration of death. Later, its scope was extended to include diagnoses in morbidity. It is important to note that although the ICD is primarily designed for the classification of diseases and injuries with a formal diagnosis, not every problem or reason for coming into contact with health services can be categorised in this way. Consequently, the ICD provides for a wide variety of signs, symptoms, abnormal findings, complaints and social circumstances that may stand in place of a diagnosis.

### Page 24

Amend typographical error in ACS 0052 Example 7

# 0052 SAME-DAY ENDOSCOPY - SURVEILLANCE

### EXAMPLE 7:

Follow-up coeliac disease. Oesophagogastroduodenoscopy (OGD) with biopsy performed. No evidence of coeliac disease found in biopsied tissue.

Codes: K90.0 Coeliac disease

Amend code in ACS 0102 Example 5

### 0102 HIV/AIDS (HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS/ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME)

...

### **EXAMPLE 5:**

A person with AIDS status presents for multi-drug intravenous (IV) infusion for pulmonary mycobacterium avium complex (MAIC) on a same-day basis.

Codes:	Pulmonary MAIC	A31.0	Pulmonary mycobacterial infection
	AIDS	B20	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease resulting in infectious and parasitic diseases
	Multi-drug IV infusion	96199- <mark>01</mark> 9 <b>[1920]</b> Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, other and unspecified pharmacological agent	

### Page 60

**Delete** sentence

### 0112 INFECTION WITH DRUG RESISTANT MICROORGANISMS

### Definition

Resistance to a drug can be identified in most organisms. This standard deals with the coding of antibiotic or antimicrobial drug resistant organisms that have caused an infection in the patient.

It is important to distinguish between 'infection' caused by an organism and 'colonisation' with an organism. A patient may be colonised with an organism but have no signs or symptoms of infection caused by that organism. Thus microbiology reports may indicate the presence of MRSA (Methicillin Resistant or Multi-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*), VRE (Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus) or any other organism, but the patient may not have an infection caused by that organism. In this case, no infection or drug resistant microorganism codes should be assigned.

### Pages 72

. . .

Delete cross reference in ACS 0303 Example 5

### 0303 ABNORMAL COAGULATION PROFILE DUE TO ANTICOAGULANTS

# EXAMPLE 5 (see also ACS 1902 Adverse effects):

Patient admitted with epistaxis due to long term warfarin use.

Codes:	R04.0	Epistaxis

- D68.3 Haemorrhagic disorder due to circulating anticoagulants
- Y44.2 Anticoagulants causing adverse effects in therapeutic use
- Y92.23 Place of occurrence, health service area, not specified as this facility

(See also ACS 1902 Adverse effects)

In this example, D68.3 *Haemorrhagic disorder due to circulating anticoagulants* is assigned as there is a clearly documented causal relationship between the bleeding and the use of warfarin.

### Page 97

Amend code in ACS 0534

### 0534 SPECIFIC INTERVENTIONS RELATED TO MENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES

### **EXAMPLE 2:**

A patient was assessed for his cognitive function by a psychologist who also provided psychosocial counselling.

Codes: 96238-00 [1823]	Cognitive and/or behavioural assessment	
	96086-00 <b>[1868]</b>	Other psychosocial counselling

For admitted episodes of care do not assign 96241-00XX [1922] *Prescription of psychotherapeutic agent* and codes from block [1920] *Administration of pharmacotherapy* with an extension of -10 *Administration of psychotherapeutic agent*. However, these codes may be assigned for patients treated in residential or ambulatory mental health care facilities.

Amend code title listed in ACS 0936

### 0936 CARDIAC PACEMAKERS AND IMPLANTED DEFIBRILLATORS

Complications of the pacemaker or defibrillator system are assigned codes:

- T82.1 *Mechanical complication of cardiac electronic device* includes malfunctioning pacemaker, defibrillator, electrodes or leads, lead fracture or electrode or lead dislodgement.
- T82.71 *Infection and inflammatory reaction due to <u>eardiae</u> electronic <u>cardiae</u> device includes infected pacemaker or defibrillator (pocket) or infection due to lead or electrodes.*

### Page 135

Add text in ACS 0943

### 0943 THROMBOLYTIC THERAPY

Thrombolytic agents may be administered:

 systemically: delivered by an initial intravenous (IV) bolus injection, followed by IV or intra-arterial infusion. Systemic delivery is usually indicated for treatment of acute ischaemic stroke, acute myocardial infarct or acute massive pulmonary embolism

### Page 171

Add text in ACS 1511

### 1511 TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY

**Induced abortion** is defined as extraction, or expulsion following induction or other procedure, of the products of conception to intentionally terminate pregnancy, and may be performed before or after fetal viability. Fetal viability is defined as 20 completed weeks (140 days) gestation and/or fetal weight greater than or equal to 400g.

**Medical abortion** is an induced abortion performed in a health facility usually for medical/legal/mental health indications.

For delivery episodes of care following **fetal death in utero** (intrauterine death) (not induced), follow the <u>Alphabetic Index at Death/fetus, fetal and the</u> guidelines in ACS 1500 Diagnosis sequencing in delivery episodes of care.

. . .

Amend typographical error in example 8

### 1548 PUERPERAL/POSTPARTUM CONDITION OR COMPLICATION

### EXAMPLE 8:

Term delivery; twin 1 delivered in the ambulance on the way to hospital. Twin 2 delivered in hospital by emergency lower segment caesarean section (LSCS).

Codes: O84.82 Multiple delivery by combination of methods

- O30.0 Twin pregnancy
- Z37.2 Twins, both liveborn

In this example O84.82 was assigned as the **D** delivery was not complete prior to admission. Z39.0was not assigned as it was a delivery episode of care.

### Page 185

Amend code in ACS 1605 Example 1

# 1605 CONDITIONS ORIGINATING IN THE PERINATAL PERIOD

•••

### **EXAMPLE 1:**

A premature baby girl (born at 33 weeks; birth weight 1300g), was sent to the special care nursery with intrauterine growth retardation (IUGR), jaundice and hypoglycaemia. The infant was treated with 24 hours of phototherapy, intravenous (IV) dextrose and frequent oral feeds.

Codes:	P07.32	Other preterm infant, 32 or more completed weeks but less than 37
completed	l weeks	
	P07.12	Other low birth weight 1250–1499g
	P05.9	Slow fetal growth, unspecified
	P59.0	Neonatal jaundice associated with preterm delivery
	P70.4	Other neonatal hypoglycaemia
	Z38.0	Singleton, born in hospital
	90677-00	[1611] Other phototherapy, skin
	96199- <mark>01</mark>	9 [1920] Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, other and
		unspecified pharmacological agent

. . .

Amend code in ACS 1615

# 1615 SPECIFIC DISEASES AND INTERVENTIONS RELATED TO THE SICK NEONATE

### Parenteral fluid therapy

Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN):

96199-07 **[1920]** Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, nutritional substance

Electrolytes:

96199-08 [1920] Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, electrolytes

Dextrose:

96199-<u>01</u>9 [**1920**] Intravenous administration of pharmacological agent, other and unspecified pharmacological agent

### Page 210

Amend text in ACS 1904

### **1904 PROCEDURAL COMPLICATIONS**

•••

### External cause codes

An external cause code from Y83–Y84 is assigned to describe the type of procedure causing a complication irrespective of whether the complication is noted during or after the procedure and no unintentional event has occurred.

### EXAMPLE 17:

(

Stone spill from the gallbladder during cholecystectomy.

Codes:	K91.89	Other intraoperative and postprocedural disorders of digestive system, not elsewhere classified
	Y83.6	Removal of other organ (partial) (total)
	Y92.24	Place of occurrence, health service area, this facility

An external cause code from Y60–Y69 or Y70–Y82 (instead of Y83–Y84) is assigned only when there is documentation of harm resulting from an unintentional event during the provision of care (see also *Unintentional event* below).

See Sequelae section for advice on assignment of Assign an external cause code from category Y88 Sequelae with surgical and medical care as external cause when the complication is a current condition that is the result of a previously occurring procedural complication.

. . .

Amend text in ACS 1904

### **1904 PROCEDURAL COMPLICATIONS**

### SEQUELAE

A sequela of a complication is a current condition that is the result of a previously occurring procedural complication.

Two disease codes are required to classify sequelae of procedural complications:

- a code for the residual condition or nature of the sequela (the current condition)
- T98.3 Sequelae of complications of surgical and medical care, not elsewhere classified

See also ACS 0008 Sequelae and ACS 1912 Sequelae of injuries, poisoning, toxic effects and other external causes.

# ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition

# Errata 2, September 2017 For implementation 1 October 2017

## **ICD-10-AM Tabular List**

Page	167	

Add ACS reference

I25

Chronic ischaemic heart disease

∇ <u>0940, </u>0941

Excludes: cardiovascular disease NOS (I51.6)

Page 26	1	
Amend t	ypographical error	
N50.8	Other specified dise Atrophy	orders of male genital organs
	Hypertrophy Oedema <del>cord</del>	of scrotum, seminal vesicle, spermatic cord, testis [except atrophy], tunica vaginalis and vas deferens
	Ulcer Chylocele, tunica vagi Fistula, urethroscrotal Stricture of: • spermatic cord • tunica vaginalis • vas deferens	 inalis (nonfilarial) NOS

Page 34	4	
Amend	Instructional term	
R52.2	Chronic pain Code first the underlying cause <u>and /or</u> site of chronic pain, if applicable	



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ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition Errata 2, September 2017

Page 354	Page 354				
Amend sequencing of terms listed in fracture definition					
[Note: suggest cut and paste this section]					
Fracture including: fracture:					
• closed:					
• comminuted					
<ul> <li>depressed</li> </ul>					
• elevated					
• fissured					
<ul> <li>greenstick</li> </ul>					
• impacted	with or without delayed healing				
• linear					
• simple					
<ul> <li>slipped epiphysis</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>spiral</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>dislocated</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>displaced</li> </ul>					
• dislocated					
• displaced					
• open:					
• compound	with or without delayed healing				
• infected					
• missile					
• puncture					
• with foreign body	l				
fracture:					
• open:					
<ul> <li><u>compound</u></li> <li><u>infected</u></li> </ul>					
- missile	with or without delayed healing				
<ul> <li>puncture</li> </ul>					
with foreign body					

Page 365	Page 365				
Amend c	mend code ranges in square brackets				
S30.8	Other superficial injuries of abdomen, lower back and pelvis				
[0- <u>4,</u> 8]	See subdivisions above Buttock Epigastric region External genital organs Flank				
S30.9	Superficial injury of abdomen, lower back and pelvis, part unspecified				
[0- <u>4,</u> 8]	See subdivisions above				

Page 425		
Amend typographical er	ror	
4. Where transport accident of victim's role, such as:	descriptions do no	ot indicate the
aeroplane		
bicycle		
boat		
bull <mark>0</mark> dozer		
bus		
car		
motorcycle		
motorised tricycle	accident	
pick-up (truck)	collision crash, or	NOS
recreational vehicle	wreck	
spacecraft		
streetcar		
tractor		
train		
tram		
truck		
van		
watercraft classify the victim as an o mentioned.	ccupant or rider o	f the vehicle
	coupant of fider 0	

#### Delete ACS reference

Z29.1 ⊽ <del>-0303</del> 1500	Prophylactic immunotherapy			
	Administration of immunoglobulin Plasmapheresis for incompatible organ transplant			

# **ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index**

Page 41

Delete subterm and delete dashes

Barotrauma NEC T70.9 - aural T70.0 - diving T70.3

- odontalgia
- -due to
- - --diving T70.3
- ---high altitude T70.2
- otitic T70.0
- postprocedural T70.-
- pulmonary T70.3
- sinus T70.1

### Page 46

Delete terms in cross reference

Bronchiolitis (acute) (infective) (subacute) J21.9 - with - - bronchospasm or obstruction J21.9

 - influenza, flu or grippe (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

Page 47
Delete terms in cross reference
Bronchiolitis (acute) (infective) (subacute)
- continued
- due to
chemicals (chronic) (gases, fumes or
vapours) J68.4
external agent NEC J70.8
human metapneumovirus J21.1
radiation J70.0
respiratory syncytial virus J21.0
specified organism NEC J21.8
- fibrosa obliterans J44.8
with (acute)
exacerbation NEC J44.1
infective J44.0
lower respiratory infection J44.0
- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/
respiratory manifestations) J11.1

Delete terms in cross reference

Bronchitis (15 years of age and above) (diffuse) (fibrinous) (hypostatic) (infective) (membranous) (with tracheitis) J40 - with

 - influenza, flu or grippe (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

...

- grippal (see also Influenza<del>/with/</del> respiratory manifestations) J11.1

- in those under 15 years of age (see also Bronchitis/acute or subacute) J20.9

- - chronic see Bronchitis/chronic
- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

### Page 65

Delete terms in cross reference

**Cold** J00 - with influenza, flu, or grippe (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Amend code

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- genitourinary NEC (see also Complication(s)/by site and type) N99.9
- - device, implant or graft T83.9
- --- embolism T83.82
- - erosion (mesh) (surgical materials) <del>T85.85</del>T83.85

### Page 71

Amend terms in cross reference

Complication(s) (from) (of) — continued

 peripheral nerve device, implant or graft — see Complication(s)/nervous system/device, implant andor graft/ neurostimulator

### Page 77

**Delete** terms in cross reference

Coryza (acute) J00 - with grippe or influenza (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

### Page 77

Delete terms in cross reference

Cough R05

- with haemorrhage (see also Haemoptysis) R04.2
- bronchial R05
- with grippe or influenza (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

Delete terms in cross reference

#### Effusion

. . .

- pleura, pleurisy, pleuritic,
- pleuropericardial J90
- - chylous, chyliform J94.0
- - fetus or newborn P28.89
- - influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Page 140

Delete terms in cross reference

**Ethmoiditis** (chronic) (nonpurulent) (purulent) (see also Sinusitis/ethmoidal) J32.2

- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Page 199

**Delete** terms in cross reference

Infection, infected (opportunistic)

- continued
- •••
- respiratory (tract) NEC J98.8
- - acute J22
- - chronic J98.8
- - influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Page 221

Delete terms in cross reference

Laryngitis (acute) (oedematous) (subglottic) (suppurative) (ulcerative) J04.0 - with - - influenza, flu, or grippe *(see* 

also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

Delete terms in cross reference

Laryngotracheitis (acute) (infective) J04.2

- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Page 285

. . .

Amend indexing

Observation (for) Z04.9

without need for further medical care Z03.9
- newborn Z03.7- <u>— see also Care/infant</u>
- - for suspected condition <u>— see Observation/newborn/for suspected condition</u>
- newborn (for) Z03.70 <u>— see also Care/infant</u>
- for suspected condition NEC Z03.70
- \_ infectious condition Z03.71
- - neurological condition Z03.72

-- respiratory condition Z03.73

-- specified condition NEC Z03.79

#### Page 295

. . .

Add codes and delete subterms

Pain(s) R52.9

- cancer R52.2

-- acute -- see condition

-- chronic R52.2

... - neoplastic <u>R52.2</u>

-- acute -- see condition

-- chronic R52.2

#### Page 304

Delete terms in cross reference

Pharyngitis (acute) (catarrhal) (gangrenous) (infective) (subacute) (suppurative) (ulcerative) J02.9 - with influenza, flu or grippe (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1

 - influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

Page 3	607
--------	-----

Delete terms in cross reference

Pleurisy (acute) (adhesive) (chronic) (double) (dry) (fibrinous) (subacute) R09.1 - with - - effusion J90 --- chylous, chyliform J94.0 --- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1 --- tuberculous (nonprimary) NEC A16.5 ---- with bacteriological and histological confirmation A15.6 ---- primary (progressive) A16.7 ---- with bacteriological and histological confirmation A15.7 - - influenza, flu or grippe (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1 - influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Page 347

Delete terms in cross reference

**Sinusitis** (accessory) (chronic) (hyperplastic) (nasal) (nonpurulent) (purulent) J32.9

- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

#### Page 348

Delete terms in cross reference

#### Sore

- throat (acute) *(see also Pharyngitis)* J02.9
- with influenza, flu or grippe (see also Influenza/with/respiratory manifestations) J11.1
- - chronic J31.2
- - coxsackie (virus) B08.5
- - diphtheritic A36.0
- - herpesviral B00.2
- -- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

...

Delete terms in cross reference

**Tracheobronchitis** (15 years of age and above) (see also Bronchitis) J40

- influenzal (see also Influenza/with/ respiratory manifestations) J11.1

# **ACHI Tabular List**

 Page 105

 Add terms to Includes note

 729
 Venous thrombectomy

 Includes: that with stenting

 transcatheter infusion of thrombolytic or other agent

Page 108			
Amend Excludes note			
<b>741</b> ⊽ 0943			
	<i>Includes:</i> administration of thrombolytic or other therapeutic agent for local effect		
	<ul> <li><i>Excludes:</i> systemic administration of thrombolytic or chemotherapeutic agent (see block [1920]) that with:</li> <li>angioplasty (see blocks [670], [671] and [754])</li> <li>embolectomy or thrombectomy (see blocks [702], and [703] and [729])</li> </ul>		

Page 292				
Amend t	Amend typographical error			
-10	Psychotherapeutic agent Agents used in the treatment of mental, behavioural and psychiatric conditions Administration of: • anticonvulsant • antidepressant • antiparkinsonian agent • antipsychotic • anxiolytic, sedative and hypnotic • mood stabiliser • other psychoactive medication • stimulant			

# **ACHI Alphabetic Index**

Page 168 – Note: this is a correction to Errata 1

Delete dashes (ie 2 dashes only on each of the highlighted lines)

**Procedure** — *continued* 

- liver (open) NEC 90319-00 [956] - - -closed (percutaneous) 90319-04 [956] - - - endoscopic 90319-03 [956]

- LLETZ (large loop excision of transformation zone) 35647-00 [1275]

# Australian Coding Standards (ACS)

#### Page 151

Amend cross reference in ACS 1221 Pressure injury

#### **CLASSIFICATION**

The following points provide general classification guidelines:

- Codes from category L89.- *Pressure injury* capture both the severity and the site of the pressure injury. Assign multiple pressure injury codes as appropriate to identify all pressure injuries, however, do not double code (ie repeat code in the code string for the same site and severity. See also ACS 0025 *Double coding*) (see Examples 1 & 2).
- 2. Pressure injuries that develop after admission to the facility and not present on admission are identified by assigning a condition onset flag of 1. If pressure injuries are present on admission, assign a condition onset flag (COF) of 2 (see also ACS 0048 *Condition onset flag/Guide for use/point 7*) (see Example 3).
- 3. Assignment of codes for the stage of pressure injury should be guided by clinical documentation of the stage. Do not assign a pressure injury severity code from clinical descriptors alone. If the actual stage of a pressure injury is not stated and no further information can be obtained from the clinician, assign L89.9- *Pressure injury, unspecified stage* (see Example 4).
- 4. Only assign L89.4- *Pressure injury, unstageable, so stated* and L89.5- *Suspected deep tissue injury, depth unknown, so stated* when a pressure injury is described using these specific terms. If the wound becomes stageable after debridement, assign a code for the specific stage (stage III or IV for unstageable, or stage I to IV for suspected deep tissue injury) as appropriate (see Examples 5 & 6).
- 5. Pressure injuries may improve or deteriorate during hospitalisation. If different stages are documented for a pressure injury of the same site, assign a code that reflects the highest stage for that site (see Examples 7 & 8).
- 6. Mucosal membrane pressure injuries:
  - are not classified to L89.- *Pressure injury* as they do not occur in skin and subcutaneous tissue. See Alphabetic Index: *Ulcer/by site*
  - are complications of medical devices. See ACS 1904 Procedural complications/Overview/Conditions classified to T82\_T85Classification of procedural complications (Diagnosis codes)/Complications classified to T80-T88.

Add and delete text [Note: suggest cut and paste this section]

# **1807 ACUTE AND CHRONIC PAIN**

#### Acute pain

Assign R52.0 *Acute pain, not elsewhere classified* only when there is no documentation as to the site or cause of the acute pain.

#### Chronic pain

Chronic pain is a serious disease entity with its own distinct signs and symptoms.

Chronic pain results from changes in the central nervous system and has a variety of causation, including disease conditions, previous trauma, or it may have no discernible origin.

The following terms, when documented in the clinical record, are synonymous with chronic pain and are classified to R52.2 *Chronic pain*-Terminology used in the documentation of chronic pain includes:

- neoplastic (cancer) pain <u>pain due to a primary or metastatic neoplasm</u> Defined as pain due to a primary or metastatic neoplasm
- neuropathic pain <u>pain initiated or caused by a primary lesion or dysfunction within</u> the nervous system
   Defined as pain initiated or caused by a primary lesion or dysfunction within the nervous system
- nociceptive pain <u>pain due to a medical condition (eg osteoarthritis of the hip, multiple selerosis)</u>, or following acute injury or post surgery
   Defined as pain due to a medical condition, or following acute injury or post surgery

These terms are synonymous with chronic pain and are used to assign R52.2 Chronic pain.

Terminology such as 'recurrent' or 'long standing' are not synonymous with 'chronic' and are not to be used to assign R52.2 *Chronic pain.* 

#### **CLASSIFICATION:**

To classify chronic pain with a documented site or underlying cause and/or site:

- code first the site or underlying cause and/or site and,
- assign R52.2 Chronic pain as an additional diagnosis

R52.2 *Chronic pain* may be assigned as a principal diagnosis if there is no documentation of site or underlying cause.

Amend typographical error in ACS 1904 Procedural complications

## UNINTENTIONAL EVENT(S)

An unintentional event (previously termed misadventure) is defined as injury or harm caused during medical or surgical care. An unintentional event may be identified at the time of the procedure or after completion of the procedure. Examples of unintentional events include:

- foreign body accidentally left during a procedure
- infusion of contaminated medical or biological substances
- mismatched blood used in transfusion
- · failure of sterile precautions during surgical and medical care
- inadvertent exposure of patient to radiation
- unintentional cut, puncture, perforation during surgical and medical care.

#### Page 270

Delete terms in Standards Index

#### Parenteral

antibiotics/anti-infectives, neonate 1615
 fluid therapy, neonate 1615
 Pastoral care 0032

Pedestrian conveyance 2009

## ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS **Tenth Edition**

## Addenda to Errata 2, September 2017 For implementation 1 October 2017 Issues identified in FAQs

## **ICD-10-AM** Tabular List

Page 406

Add Excludes note

OT81.83 Pain following a procedure, not elsewhere classified

> Excludes: due to or associated with prosthetic devices, implants and grafts (T82.83, T83.83, T84.83, T85.85)

# **ICD-10-AM** Alphabetic Index

#### Page 313 Add subterms and codes, and delete subterms, NEM and code Pregnancy (single) (uterine) - see also condition/in pregnancy - complicated by - - abnormal, abnormality - - - broad ligament O34.8 --- cervix O34.4 - - - cord (umbilical) O69.9 - - - fetus (suspected) O35.9 ---- specified NEC O35.8 - - - fallopian tube O34.8 --- glucose tolerance NEC O24.-<u>- - - ovary O34.8</u> - - - pelvic organs or tissues O34.9 ---- specified NEC O34.8 - - - pelvis, with disproportion (bony) (major) NEC O33.0 --- perineum or vulva O34.7 . . . --- uterus (congenital) NEC 034.50 - - - - congenital O34.0 - - - vagina O34.6 - - - vulva O34.7 - abscess or cellulitis THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN SYDNEY NCCH t: +61 2 9351 9772 **SYDNEY** UNIVERSITY PO Box 170 f: +61 2 9351 9603 NATIONAL CENTRE FOR CLASSIFICATION IN HEALTH

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ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition Addenda to Errata 2, September 2017

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Add subterms, cross reference and codes, and delete subterm and codes

**Pregnancy** (single) (uterine) — continued - complicated by — continued - - conditions in — continued --- N00-N99 NEC O26.81 ---- N10–N12 O23.0 ---- N13.6 O23.3 ---- N15.1 O23.0 ---- N30 O23.1 ---- N34 O23.2 ---- N39.0 O23.4 ---- N60–N64 (see also condition/in pregnancy) NEC O99.8 ---- N70–N73, N76, N77\* O23.5 ---- N73.6 O34.8 - - - - N80–N90 (see also Pregnancy/complicated by/abnormal, abnormality/by site) NEC O99.8 ---- N85.4 O34.5 ---- N85.4 O34.5 ----N93.0-N93.9 O46.-

#### Page 314

Add subterms, cross reference and codes, and delete subterm and codes

Pregnancy (single) (uterine) — continued - complicated by — continued - diseases of — continued - genitourinary system (conditions in N00–N99) NEC O26.81 ---- N10–N12 O23.0 ---- N15.1 O23.0 ---- N30 O23.1 ---- N30 O23.1 ---- N34 O23.2 ---- N39.0 O23.4 ---- N70–N73, N76, N77\* O23.5 ---- N73.6 O34.8 ---- N80–N90 (see also Pregnancy/complicated by/abnormal, abnormality/by site) NEC O99.8 ---- N85.4 O34.5

# **Australian Coding Standards (ACS)**

#### Page 5

Add standard to list in ACS 0002 Additional diagnoses

# ADDITIONAL DIAGNOSIS REPORTING REFERRED TO IN OTHER STANDARDS

The standards listed below include guidance that, in some cases, may indicate that certain conditions that would not normally meet ACS 0002 should be assigned as additional diagnoses. Examples of these sorts of cases are 'status' codes such as HIV, smoking, carrier, conditions found at endoscopy and 'flag' codes such as duration of pregnancy, or outcome of delivery.

Note that this list may not always be exhaustive as standards are changed over time.

- ACS 0005 Syndromes
- ACS 0011 Admission for surgery not performed
- ACS 0012 Suspected conditions
- ACS 0051 Same-day endoscopy diagnostic
- ACS 0102 HIV/AIDS (Human Immunodeficiency Virus/Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome)
- ACS 0104 Viral hepatitis
- ACS 0401 Diabetes mellitus and intermediate hyperglycaemia
- ACS 0503 Drug, alcohol and tobacco use disorders
- ACS 0936 Cardiac pacemakers and implanted defibrillators
- ACS 1404 Admission for kidney dialysis
- ACS 1500 Diagnosis sequencing in delivery episodes of care
- ACS 1511 Termination of pregnancy
- ACS 1521 Conditions and injuries in pregnancy
- ACS 1544 Complications following abortion and ectopic and molar pregnancy
- ACS 1548 Puerperal/postpartum condition or complication
- ACS 1549 Streptococcal group B infection/carrier in pregnancy
- ACS 1607 Newborn/neonate
- ACS 1807 Acute and chronic pain
- ACS 2118 Exposure to tobacco smoke

See also ACS 0003 Supplementary codes for chronic conditions.

#### Amend text in ACS 0052 Same-day endoscopy - surveillance/Classification

Assign as additional diagnosis:

- any condition found at endoscopy that meets the criteria in ACS 0002 *Additional diagnoses* (see Example 12 and 13)
- an appropriate code from block Z80–Z99 Persons with potential health hazards related to family and personal history and certain conditions influencing health status for any personal or family history as appropriate (see Examples 1, 2, 3, and 6 and 11). See also ACS 2112 Personal history
- codes from Z08 or Z09 *Follow-up examination after treatment for...* or Z11, Z12 and Z13 <u>Special screening examination for...</u> as appropriate.

**Do not** assign codes from Z08 or Z09 *Follow up examination after treatment for...* or Z11, Z12 and Z13 *Special screening examination for...* as additional diagnoses.

#### Page 25

Amend examples in ACS 0052 Same-day endoscopy - surveillance

#### EXAMPLE 11:

Follow-up colonoscopy for hyperplastic polyps of the colon, removed surgically one year ago. Polyp found in the descending colon and removed. Histology revealed tubulovillous adenoma.

Codes:D12.4Benign neoplasm of descending colonM8263/0Tubulovillous adenoma NOS

Z87.12 Personal history of colonic polyps

In this example the polyp (tubulovillous adenoma) found at endoscopy is the principal diagnosis even though it is a different topography/morphology to the polyps previously removed.

. . .

#### EXAMPLE 13:

Patient admitted with liver cirrhosis and ?varices for oesophagogastroscopy and a small oesophageal varix was found. The patient was commenced on propranolol to treat the varix.

Codes: K74.6 Other and unspecified cirrhosis of liver

198.2\* Oesophageal varices without mention of bleeding in diseases classified elsewhere

K74.6 Other and unspecified cirrhosis of liver

Amend text in ACS 0030 Organ, tissue and cell procurement and transplantation

# ORGAN, TISSUE AND CELL PROCUREMENT AND TRANSPLANTATION – ALLOGENEIC DONATION

#### 1. Live donors

Patients admitted to donate organ(s)/tissue/cells usually have a principal diagnosis assigned from category Z52.- *Donors of organs and tissues* or Z51.81 *Apheresis* – see *Organ/tissue procurement and transplantation* table below.

Also assign ACHI code(s) performed during the episode of care.

Page 181 [Note: suggest cut and paste this section]

Amend text and examples, and add example in ACS 1548 Puerperal/postpartum condition or complication

### CONDITIONS RELATING TO LACTATION

Where a patient is admitted for a condition relating to lactation in the puerperal period:

assign as principal diagnosis a code from Chapter 15

• assign Z39.0 as an additional diagnosis

Where a patient is admitted for a condition relating to lactation beyond the puerperium:

• assign as principal diagnosis a code from outside of Chapter 15

assign Z39.1 Care and examination of lactating mother as an additional diagnosis

Where a patient has a condition relating to lactation, assign a code from category O91 Infections of breast associated with childbirth or O92 Other disorders of breast and lactation associated with childbirth.

Assign Z39.0- Postpartum care and examination immediately after delivery as per the guidelines in Postpartum care and examination immediately after delivery.

#### EXAMPLE 14:

Breastfeeding Ppatient was admitted three weeks after a planned home delivery with mastitis and attachment difficulty.

Codes: O91.21 Nonpurulent mastitis associated with childbirth, with mention of attachment difficulty

Z39.02 Postpartum care after planned, out of hospital delivery

#### EXAMPLE 15:

Patient was admitted with mastitis. Documentation indicates that she is still breast feeding her 18 month old child. Breastfeeding patient was admitted 18 months post delivery with mastitis. No documentation of attachment difficulty.

Codes:

N61Inflammatory disorders of breastZ39.1Care and examination of lactating mother091.20Nonpurulent mastitis associated with childbirth, without mention of<br/>attachment difficulty

#### EXAMPLE 16:

Breastfeeding patient admitted 5 months post delivery for a nonobstetric condition. Patient commenced on Domperidone for low milk supply. No attachment difficulties documented.

 Codes:
 Principal diagnosis for the nonobstetric condition as per the criteria in ACS 0001

 Principal diagnosis

<u>O92.40 Hypogalactia, without mention of attachment difficulty</u>

#### Page 210

Amend example in ACS 1904 Procedural complications

#### EXAMPLE 17:

Stone spill from the gallbladder during <u>laparoscopic</u> cholecystectomy. <u>Stone retrieved from the</u> <u>abdominal cavity followed by intense irrigation and suction.</u>

Codes	: K91.89	Other intraoperative and postprocedural disorders of digestive system, not
		elsewhere classified
	Y83.6	Removal of other organ (partial) (total)
	Y92.24	Place of occurrence, health service area, this facility

#### Page 211

Amend example in ACS 1904 Procedural complications

#### EXAMPLE 21:

Patient diagnosed with Mendelson's syndrome due to aspiration of gastric contents during caesarean section under general anaesthesia.

Codes: Applicable codes from Chapter 15 for the delivery episode

J95.4Mendelson's syndromeW78Inhalation of gastric contentsU73.8Other specified activityY48.2Other and unspecified general anaestheticsY92.24Place of occurrence, health service area, this facility

#### Amend example in ACS 1904 Procedural complications

#### EXAMPLE 25:

Laparoscopic cholecystectomy for gallbladder calculus and acute cholecystitis. A deep tear in segment 5 of the liver occurred during the dissection of the gallbladder from the fossa. Bleeding ceased following firm packing with Surgicel.

Codes:	K80.00	Calculus of gallbladder with acute cholecystitis, without mention of obstruction
	K91.65	Accidental puncture and laceration of liver during a procedure
	<del>¥60.4</del>	Unintentional cut, puncture, perforation or haemorrhage during surgical
		and medical care, during endoscopic examination
	<u>Y60.0</u>	Unintentional cut, puncture, perforation or haemorrhage during surgical
		<u>operation</u>
	Y92.24	Place of occurrence, health service area, this facility

#### Page 235

Add external cause codes to Classification guidelines in ACS 1924 Difficult intubation

#### CLASSIFICATION

Assign T88.42 Difficult intubation when:

- difficult intubation (or the synonymous term difficult airway) is **specifically documented** and
- there is documentation of a Cormack-Lehane or Mallampati score of grade 2 or higher.

Assign the following external cause codes with T88.42 Difficult intubation:

<u>Y84.8</u> *Other medical procedures as the cause of abnormal reaction of the patient, or of later complication, without mention of misadventure at the time of the procedure* 

Y92.24 Health service area, this facility

Use of advanced techniques (video-laryngoscopy or introducers) may indicate difficult intubation, but for classification purposes the above criteria must first be met before the code for difficult intubation is assigned. Where documentation is unclear, coders should seek clinical advice.

(See also ACS 1006 Ventilatory support).

# **ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition**

# Errata 3, December 2017 For implementation 1 January 2018

## **ICD-10-AM** Tabular List

Page 45			
Add Instructional terms			
C91.5	C91.5 Adult T-cell leukaemia/lymphoma [HTLV-1-associated]		
<u>See subdivisions p</u>		<u>age 44</u>	
	Acute		
	Chronic	variant	
	Lymphomatoid	variant	
	Smouldering		

Page 355			
Delete Instructional terms			
S00.1	Contusion of eyelid and periocular area See subdivisions above Black eye Eyebrow Excludes: contusion of eyeball and orbital tissues (S05.1)		





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## **ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index**

#### Page 67

Amend code

Complication(s) (from) (of)

- arteriovenous fistula or shunt, surgically created T82.9
- - aneurysm T82.86
- - embolism T82.82
- - fibrosis T82.89
- - haemorrhage T82.81
- - infection or inflammation T82.763

#### Page 305

Delete code, add cross reference

Phlebitis (infective) (pyaemic) (septic) (suppurative) (ulcerative) NEC 180.9

- iliofemoral <u>180.1</u>— see Phlebitis/lower extremity/femoral AND Phlebitis/lower extremity/iliac

#### Page 329

**Delete** repeated subterm

#### Rejection

- corneal graft T86.85

- food, psychogenic F50.8
- transplant (organ) (tissue) NEC (see also Complication(s)/by site) T86.88
- ...
- - skin (allograft) (autograft) T86.86
- transplant (organ) (tissue) NEC (see also Complication(s)/by site) T86.88

- - stem cell T86.5

- - - from bone marrow T86.0

#### Page 374

. . .

Delete code, add cross reference

Thrombophlebitis 180.9

- iliofemoral <u>I80.1</u>— see Thrombophlebitis/lower extremity/femoral AND Thrombophlebitis/lower extremity/iliac

#### Page 375

Delete code, add cross reference

Thrombosis, thrombotic (multiple) (progressive) (septic) (vein) (vessel) 182.9

- iliofemoral <u>I80.21</u>— see Thrombosis/lower extremity/femoral AND Thrombosis/lower extremity/iliac

# **ACHI Tabular List**

#### Page 94

Amend Excludes note

#### REPAIR

Excludes: repair of wound of aorta (90210-02 [709],

```
90213-02 [710])
replacement of thoracic aneurysm (33103-00, 33145-00,
33109-00, 33148-00 9[715])
```

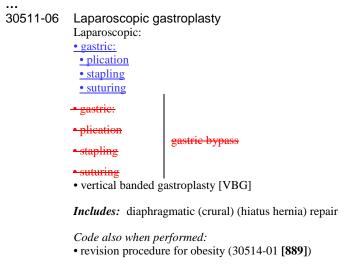
684

#### Repair of ascending thoracic aorta

#### Page 123

Delete Inclusion terms (and brace) and reformat dot points

## 889 Procedures for obesity



#### Page 239

Amend Excludes note

#### 1679 Rhinoplasty

Includes: turbinectomy
Code also when performed: • septoplasty (41671-02, 41671-03 [ <b>379</b> ])

*Excludes:* augmentation rhinoplasty with implant only (45051-0<u>0</u>+ [1682]) composite graft of nose (45656-00 [1669]) revision of rhinoplasty (45650-00 [1687]) ...

# Australian Coding Standards (ACS)

#### Page 13

#### Amend ACS 0012 Suspected conditions

• If **more than one suspected condition** is documented as the differential diagnosis:, assign <u>code(s) for the symptom(s)/suspected conditions</u>.

<u>• assign code(s) for the documented symptom(s)</u> <u>OR</u>

• if there are no symptom(s) documented, assign codes for all suspected conditions.

#### EXAMPLE 3:

Patient admitted with shortness of breath and wheezing. No history of respiratory problems. The patient was discharged with a diagnosis of '?asthma ?bronchiectasis'. Investigations during the episode of care did not confirm a diagnosis.

Code: R06.0 Dyspnoea R06.2 Wheezing

#### Page 235 \*\*Note: this is a correction to an error in Addenda to Errata 2, October 2017

Amend title of external cause code in Classification guidelines in ACS 1924 Difficult intubation

## CLASSIFICATION

Assign T88.42 Difficult intubation when:

• difficult intubation (or the synonymous term difficult airway) is **specifically documented** 

and

• there is documentation of a Cormack-Lehane or Mallampati score of grade 2 or higher.

Assign the following external cause codes with T88.42 Difficult intubation:

<u>Y84.8</u> *Other medical procedures (as the cause of abnormal reaction <del>of the patient, or of later</del> complication, without mention of <del>misadventure</del> unintentional events at the time of the procedure)* 

Y92.24 Health service area, this facility

Use of advanced techniques (video-laryngoscopy or introducers) may indicate difficult intubation, but for classification purposes the above criteria must first be met before the code for difficult intubation is assigned. Where documentation is unclear, coders should seek clinical advice.

(See also ACS 1006 Ventilatory support).

#### Page 273

Amend page and ACS listed in the Standards Index

Superficial and soft tissue injuries 1908, 216 1916, 226

## ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition

## Errata 4, March 2018 For implementation 1 April 2018

## Australian Coding Standards (ACS)

Page 16

Amend reference

## 0048 CONDITION ONSET FLAG

## PERMISSIBLE VALUES:

• • •

#### COF 2. Condition not noted as arising during the episode of admitted patient care

#### Definition

A condition previously existing or suspected on admission such as the presenting problem, a comorbidity or chronic disease.

Examples of inclusions:

- a condition that has not been documented at the time of admission, but clearly did not develop after admission (eg newly diagnosed diabetes mellitus, malignancy and morphology)
- a previously existing condition that is exacerbated during the current episode of admitted patient care (eg atrial fibrillation, unstable angina)
- a condition that is suspected at the time of admission and subsequently confirmed during the current episode of admitted patient care (eg pneumonia, AMI (acute myocardial infarction), stroke, unstable angina)
- a condition impacting on obstetric care arising prior to admission (eg venous complications, maternal disproportion)
- for neonates, this also includes the condition(s) in the birth episode arising before the labour and delivery process (eg prematurity, birth weight, talipes, clicking hip)
- disease status or administrative codes not arising during the episode of admitted patient care (eg history of tobacco use, duration of pregnancy, colostomy status)
- outcome of delivery (Z37) and place of birth (Z38) codes (see *Guide for use, point* <u>10</u>9).





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Errata 4, March 2018

Amend block listed in ACS 1505 Delivery and assisted delivery codes

#### **EXAMPLE 1:**

Premature twin delivery at 35 weeks, twin 1 delivered by breech extraction and twin 2, transverse position delivered by emergency lower segment caesarean section (LSCS) (with spinal anaesthesia, ASA 1 E) due to obstruction.

Codes:	O84.82	Multiple delivery by combination of methods
	O30.0	Twin pregnancy
	O64.1	Labour and delivery affected by breech presentation
	O64.8	Labour and delivery affected by other malposition and malpresentation
	O60.1	Preterm labour with preterm delivery
	O09.5	Duration of pregnancy 34–<37 completed weeks
	Z37.2	Twins, both liveborn
	16520-03 [13	40] <i>Emergency lower segment caesarean section</i>
	92508-10 [13	331909] Neuraxial block, ASA 10
	90470-03 [13	39] Breech extraction

#### Page 170

Amend block listed in ACS 1505 Delivery and assisted delivery codes

#### EXAMPLE 2:

Term delivery; twin 1 delivered in the ambulance on the way to hospital (spontaneous vertex). Twin 2 delivered in hospital by emergency lower segment caesarean section (LSCS) (with spinal anaesthesia, ASA 1 E).

Codes:O84.82Multiple delivery by combination of methodsO30.0Twin pregnancyZ37.2Twins, both liveborn16520-03 [1340]Emergency lower segment caesarean section92508-10 [1333]1909]Neuraxial block, ASA 10

In this example an ACHI delivery code for spontaneous vertex delivery of twin 1 is not assigned as it was not performed within the admitted episode of care (note that removal of placenta is included in caesarean section).

Amend text in ACS 1521 Conditions and injuries in pregnancy

## NONOBSTETRIC INJURIES/POISONING IN PREGNANCY (SUPERVISION OF NORMAL PREGNANCY)

Nonobstetric injuries/poisonings (conditions classified to Chapter 19 *Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes*) are never assigned a code from Chapter 15 *Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium.* However, if a pregnant patient with a nonobstetric injury/poisoning meets the criteria for a pregnancy complication, but there is no condition that qualifies for assignment of a code from Chapter 15, assign a code from Z34 *Supervision of normal pregnancy* as an additional diagnosis.

However, Z34.- should never be is not assigned as an additional diagnosis in the above scenario when a code from Chapter 15 *Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium* is assigned in the same episode of care.

Therefore, if a pregnant patient is admitted with a nonobstetric injury/poisoning and:

- a pregnancy complication is present or arises during the episode and/or
- the patient proceeds to labour and/or delivery during the episode of care

assign additional diagnoses from Chapter 15 and other chapters, if appropriate, instead of Z34.-.